



CHAITANYA DEGREE & PG COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

Affiliated to Andhra University, Chaitanya nagar, Old Gajuwaka, Visakhapatnam-530026.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

A digital periodic table with a hand pointing to the element Ruthenium (Ru). The table is displayed on a dark blue background with a grid of elements. Each element cell contains its symbol, atomic number, and name. The element Ruthenium (Ru) is highlighted in a light green color, and a hand is pointing to it from the bottom right. The table includes elements from Titanium (Ti) to Terbium (Tb).

Titanium 22 Ti 47.867	vanadium 23 V 50.942	chromium 24 Cr 51.996	manganese 25 Mn 54.938	iron 26 Fe 55.845	cobalt 27 Co 58.933	nickel 28 Ni 58.693	copper 29 Cu 63.546	zinc 30 Zn 65.38	gallium 31 Ga 69.723
zirconium 40 Zr 91.224	niobium 41 Nb 92.906	molybdenum 42 Mo 95.96	technetium 43 Tc [98]	ruthenium 44 Ru 101.07	rhodium 45 Rh 102.91	palladium 46 Pd 106.42	silver 47 Ag 107.87	cadmium 48 Cd 112.41	indium 49 In 114.82
hafnium 72 Hf 178.49	tantalum 73 Ta 180.95	tungsten 74 W 183.84	rhenium 75 Re 186.21	osmium 76 Os 190.23	iridium 77 Ir 192.22	platinum 78 Pt 195.08	gold 79 Au 196.97	mercury 80 Hg 200.59	thallium 81 Tl 204.38
rutherfordium 104 Rf [261]	dubnium 105 Db [262]	seaborgium 106 Sg [263]	bohrium 107 Bh [264]	hassium 108 Hs [277]	meitnerium 109 Mt [278]	darmstadtium 110 Ds [271]	roentgenium 111 Rg [272]		
neodymium 61	praseodymium 60	samarium 62	europium 63	gadolinium 64	terbium 65				

M.Sc., ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LESSON PLANS



Academic-Pedagogical-Evaluation: Course Overview

Pedagogy	P1	Lecture
	P2	Demonstration
	P3	Question & Answer
	P4	Debate
	P5	Audio & video clips
	PQ	Quiz
	PT	Test
	P10	Seminar
	PI	Invited Lecture

SEMESTER - I

PAPER -I: GENERAL CHEMISTRY – I

Course: M.Sc., (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-1	Faculty Name: B.Leela kumari			
Subject	PAPER-1: GENERAL CHEMISTRY-I				
Units:	1. Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules 2. Raman effect-classical and quantum mechanical explanations 3. Spin Resonance Spectroscopy 4. Basic concepts of Symmetry and Group theory 5. Basic components of Computers, higher and lower level languages, Microsoft Fortran				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Learn and understand the selection rules and criteria for molecules to exhibit rotational and IR spectroscopy.● Understand the Classical and quantum mechanical theories of Raman spectroscopy and basic concepts of electronic spectroscopy.● Learn spectroscopic methods based on magnetic resonance principles.● Learn basics of group theory and its application in chemistry.● Understand the basic concepts of FORTRAN programming and its applications.				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	12	12	12	12

Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4
----------------------------	---	---	---	---	---

Resource Material:	<p>Study materials (handouts)</p> <p>http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20chemistry%20paper%202/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-II%20Unit-4.pdf</p> <p>http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf</p> <p>Reference books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules, K Veera Reddy, New Age International Publishers. 2. Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University Press. 3. Chemical Applications of Group Theory, F. A. Cotton Wiley Eastern Limited New Delhi. 4. Group Theory and its Applications to Chemistry, K. V. Raman, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi. 5. Computer programming in Fortran-IV by V.Rajaraman, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 6. Molecular Spectroscopy, - Gordon M. barrow. 7. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy – Banwell. <p>YouTube Links:</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-8nAn0Mo6w</p> <p>Model Question paper:</p> <p>http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf</p>
---------------------------	---

--	--

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>1.ROTATIONAL SPECTRA Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules-rigid rotor-selection rules-calculation of bond length- isotopic effect, second order stark effect and its applications, Infrared spectra of diatomic molecules-harmonic and anharmonic oscillators. Selection rules-overtone-combination bands calculation of force constant, anharmonicity constant and zero point energy. Fermi resonance, simultaneous vibration rotation spectra of diatomic molecules.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>2.RAMAN EFFECT-CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM MECHANICAL EXPLANATIONS Raman effect-classical and quantum mechanical explanations-Rotational Raman and vibrational Raman spectra, Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules-Vibrational coarse structure-intensity of spectral lines-Franck Condon principle-applications, Rotational fine structure-band head and band shading, Charge transfer spectra.</p>	P1,P3,P4,P 5,P10	PQ,PT
III	<p>3. SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Principle and theory of NMR spectroscopy-Nature of spinning particle and its interaction with magnetic field. Chemical shift and its origin. Spin-Spin interaction- experimental methods. Application of NMR to structural elucidation-Structure of ethanol, dimethylformamide, styrene and acetophenoneri. Principle and theory of ESR-g-factor, hyperfine interactions-applications of ESR studies to the structure of free radicals, metal complexes.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>4.CONCEPTS OF SYMMETRY AND GROUP THEORY Basic concepts of Symmetry and Group theory – Symmetry elements, symmetry operations and point groups – Schoenflies symbols – Classification of molecules into point groups – Axioms of Group theory – Group multiplication tables for C_{2v} and C_{3v} point groups –Similarity Transformation and classes – Representations – reducible and irreducible representations, Mulliken symbols, Orthogonality theorem and its implications, character table and its anatomy.</p>	P1,P3,P4,P 5,P10	PT,PQ

V	<p>5. BASIC COMPONENTS OF COMPUTERS, HIGHER AND LOWER LEVEL LANGUAGES, MICROSOFT FORTAN</p> <p>Basic components of Computers, higher and lower level languages, Microsoft Fortran: constants ariables and operators, arithmetic expressions, assignment and replacement statements, Input and Output statements – Format free and Format directed I/O statements – Iw, Fw.d, Ew.d and Gw.d format specifications, conditional and unconditional statements – Logical IF, Block IF and Go To statements, Do statement – syntax and rules.</p> <p>Application of Chemical Problems:</p> <p>Flowcharts and Programs for</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Statistical Analysis calculation of arithmetic mean, mean deviation, variance and standard deviation of replicate measurements. 2. Solution of Quadratic equation – calculation of the roots of a quadratic equation. 3. Calculation of the pH and hydrogen ion concentration of an aqueous solution of a strong acid taking into account the auto ionization of water. 4. Calculation of the root of a polynomial using Gauss-Newton method – Application to Vander-Waal's equation. 5. Calculation of the rate constant of a first order reaction or calculation of molar extinction coefficient using Beer-Lambert's Law by Linear least-squares method. 	P1,P3,P4,P5,P10	PQ,PT
---	---	-----------------	-------

PAPER -II: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I

Course: M.Sc. (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-1		Faculty Name: CH. MALLIKA		
Subject	PAPER-II: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I				
Units	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Structure & Bonding 2. a. Inorganic cage and ring compounds b. Polyacids 3. Coordination compounds 4. Electronic spectra of transition metal complexes 5. a. Tanabe- Sugano diagrams for d1 –d9 octahedral and tetrahedral, transition metal complexes of 3d series. b. Magnetic properties of metal Complexes. 				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge on applications of VSEPR, Valence Bond and Molecular orbital theories in explaining the structures of simple molecules and role of p and d orbitals in pi bonding. ● Understand the concept of MO theory to square planar (PtCl₄²⁻) and Octahedral complexes (CoF₆³⁻, Co(NH₃)₆³⁺), and Walsh diagram for H₂O molecule ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of Understand the Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for d1 –d 9 octahedral and tetrahedral transition meta complexes of 3d series to newly prepared metal complexes ● Develop interest in the areas of magnetic properties of transition and inner transition metal complexes – spin and orbital moments – quenching of orbital momentum by crystal fields in complexes. ● To understand the concept of Term symbols and Electronic spectra and Magnetic properties of complexes. 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5

Total Hours : 60	12	14	13	11	10
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

Resource Material:	<p>Study Material (Handouts):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> https://uomustansiriyah.edu.iq/media/lectures/6/6_2018_12_19!11_20_35_PM.pdf <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Inorganic Chemistry by F.A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, IV Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1980. Inorganic Chemistry by J.E. Huheey, III Edition, Harper International Edition, 1983. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, II Edition by M.C. Day and J. Selbin, Affiliated East-West press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. Inorganic Chemistry by Shriver and Atkins, Oxford University Press (1999). <p>YouTube Links:</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XBdJY3JGJgA</p> <p>Power Point Presentations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1UE5sR0eJh61IjEuB_Z1svdIZ_VOv5orOb/edit#slide=id.p14 https://kanchiuniv.ac.in/coursematerials/Electronic%20spectra.pdf https://uomustansiriyah.edu.iq/media/lectures/6/6_2018_12_19!11_20_35_PM.pdf <p>Model Question paper:</p> <p>http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf</p>
-------------------------------	---

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>1. STRUCTURE & BONDING</p> <p>Structure & Bonding: Applications of VSEPR, Valence Bond and Molecular orbital theories in explaining the structures of simple molecules- role of p and d orbitals in $p\pi-d\pi$ bonding, Bent's rule, Non-valence cohesive forces.</p> <p>Application of MO theory to square planar ($PtCl_4^{2-}$) and octahedral complexes (CoF_6^{3-}, $Co(NH_3)_6^{3+}$).</p> <p>Walsh diagrams for linear (BeH_2) and bent (H_2O) molecules</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>2a. INORGANIC CAGE AND RING COMPOUNDS</p> <p>Inorganic cage and ring compounds – preparation, structure and reactions of boranes, carboranes, metallocarboranes, Boron–Nitrogen ($H_3B_3N_3H_3$), Phosphorus–Nitrogen ($N_3P_3Cl_6$) and Sulphur–Nitrogen (S_4N_4, $(SN)_x$) cyclic compounds.</p> <p>Structure and bonding in higher boranes with (special reference to B_{12} icosahedra). Electron counting rules in boranes – Wades rules (Polyhedral skeletal electron pair theory).</p> <p>2b. POLYACIDS</p> <p>Polyacids: Introduction to polyacids- Types of polyacids- Isopolyacids, Isopoly molybdates, Isopolytungstates, Isopolyvanadates, Structures of Polyacids $[Mo_7O_{24}]^{6-}$, $[V_{10}O_{28}]^{6-}$ and $[W_4O_{16}]^{8-}$, Heteropolyacids- properties of heteropolyacids and</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT

	salts, structures of heteropolyacids and theories , Mialalicopause and Roscneium theories , Pauling's theory and keggin's theory, applications of polyacids.		
III	<p>3. COORDINATION COMPOUNDS</p> <p>Coordination compounds: Crystal field theory - crystal field splitting patterns in octahedral, tetrahedral, tetragonal, square planar, square pyramidal and trigonal bipyramidal geometries. Calculation of crystal field stabilization energies. Factors affecting crystal field splitting energies – Spectrochemical series, Jahn – Teller theorem (static and dynamic Jahn-Teller theorem) and its consequences, nephelauxetic effect, applications and limitations of CFT; ligand field theory</p> <p>Experimental evidences for covalence in complexes. Molecular Orbital Theory of bonding for Octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes. π-bonding and MOT-Effect of π - donor and π -acceptor ligands on Δ_o. Experimental evidence for π - bonding in complexes.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>4.ELECTRONIC SPECTRA OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES</p> <p>Term symbol-Free Ion terms and Energy Levels: Configurations, Terms, States and Microstates, calculation of Microstates for P^2 and d^2 Configuration, Russell- Saunders Coupling Schemes, J-J Coupling scheme, derivation of terms for various configurations P^2 and d^2 configuration, spectroscopic Ground state , Hole Formalism, Energy ordering of terms (Hund's Rules), Selection rules: Laporte orbital selection rule, spin selection rules. Splitting of energy levels and spectroscopic states Orgel diagrams of d_1 to d_9 metal complexes. Interpretation of electronic spectra of aquo Complexes of Ti(III), V(III), Cr(III), Mn(II), Fe(II), Fe(III), Co(II), Ni(II) and Cu(II). Calculation of interelectronic and spectral parameters for d_8 metal complexes.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PT,PQ
V	<p>5a. TANABE-SUGANO DIAGRAMS FOR d_1-d_9 OCTAHEDRAL AND TETRAHEDRAL METAL COMPLEXES OF 3d SERIES</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT

Tanabe- Sugano diagrams for d1 –d9 octahedral and tetrahedral transition metal complexes of 3d series. Calculation of Dq, Racah Parameter (B) and nephelauxetic parameter (β), Charge transfer (L→M and M→L) spectra of metal complexes.

5b. MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF METAL COMPLEXES

Magnetic properties of metal Complexes: Types of magnetic behavior, Temperature independent paramagnetism. Magnetic properties of transition and inner transition metal complexes – spin and orbital moments – quenching of orbital momentum by crystal fields in complexes. Magnetic susceptibility and its determination by Gouy's method, and Faraday's method. orbital contribution to magnetic moment (Oh and Td Complexes)

PAPER -III: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I

Course: M.Sc. (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-1	Faculty Name: R.Anuradha
Subject	PAPER-III: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I	
Units	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitutions2. Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitutions3. Stereochemistry and conformational analysis4. Chemistry of heterocyclic compounds5. Chemistry of Natural Products	

Learning Objectives

- Acquire the knowledge of aliphatic nucleophilic substitution, neighboring group mechanism by O, N, S and non-classical carbocations.
- Understand aliphatic electrophilic substitution reactions.
- To know about stereochemistry and conformational analysis.
- Develop interest in the area of chemistry of heterocyclic compounds.
- To acquire knowledge in the chemistry of natural products- terpenoids, steroids and concept of lipids.

Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	14	9	13	12	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:****Study Material (Handouts):**

1. <https://www.siue.edu/~tpatric/NS.pdf>

Reference Books:

1. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions Mechanisms and Structure by Jerry March, Mc.Graw Hill and Kogakush.
2. Organic Chemistry Vol. I (Sixth Ed.) and Vol. II (Fifth Ed.) by I L Finar ELBS.
3. Organic Chemistry (fifth Ed.,) by Morrison and Boyd, PHI, India.
4. Organic Chemistry (fifth edition) by Francis A. Carey Tata Mc Graw Hill publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
5. Stereochemistry of Organic compounds by Ernest L. Eliel, Samuel H. Wilen
6. Chemistry of natural products by S. V. Bhat, B. A. Nagasampangi and M. Siva kumar, Narosa Publishing House, 6th reprint, 2010

YouTube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yrvV85H737o>

Power Point Presentations:

<http://www.spcmc.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/PPT-7P-Nucleophilic-Substitution-Reactions-1.pdf>

Model Question paper:

<http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>1.ALIPHATIC NUCLEOPHILIC SUBSTITUTIONS The SN₂, SN₁, SN_i and SET mechanisms. Substitution reactions of ambident nucleophiles, anchimeric assistance, the neighbouring group mechanism: neighbouring group participation by O, N, S, halogens, aryl groups, alkyl and cycloalkyl groups in nucleophilic substitution reactions. Sigma, Pi bond participation in acyclic and bicyclic systems (Non- classic carbocations). Nucleophilic Substitution at allylic, trigonal and Vinylic carbons. Effect of substrate, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium..</p>	P1,P3,P4,P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>2.ALIPHATIC ELECTROPHILIC SUBSTITUTIONS SE1, SE2, SEi Mechanisms: Reactivity-effects of substrate, leaving group and solvent. Reactions- hydrogen exchange, migration of double bonds, halogenation of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, acyl halides, sulphoxides and sulphones.</p>	P1,P3,P4,P5,P10	PQ,PT
III	<p>3.STEREOCHEMISTRY AND CONFORMATIONAL ANALYSIS Optical isomerism: optical activity, molecular dissymmetry and chirality, elements of symmetry. Fischer's projection DL and RS configurations- relative and absolute configurations optical isomerism due to asymmetric carbon atoms- optical isomerism in Biphenyls, allenes and spiranes-optical isomerism of nitrogenous compounds, racemization and resolution. Geometrical isomerism: E,Z- configurations, properties of geometrical isomerism. Conformational analysis: conformations of acyclic molecules- alkanes and substituted alkanes, compounds having intramolecular hydrogen bonding. Conformations of cyclohexane, mono and disubstituted cyclohexane and decalins, effect of conformations on reactivity.</p>	P1,P3,P4,P5,P10	P10,PT
	<p>4. CHEMISTRY OF HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS</p>	P1,P3,P4,P5,P10	PT,PQ

IV	<p>Structure, reactivity and synthesis of reduced three membered heterocycles: (a) Oxirane: Sharpless method, Shi epoxidation, Jacobson epoxidation, etc (b) Aziridine; Four membered heterocycles: (a) Oxetane, Azetine; five membered heterocycles: (a) Pyrrole: Paul Knorr, Hantzsch methods,(b) Thiophene: Paul Knorr, Hinsberg methods, (c) Furan: Paul Knorr, Fiest- Benary, Industrial methods, etc, (d) Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole, Thiazole; Six Membered Heterocycles: (a) Pyridine, Pyridazine, Pyrimidine and Pyrazine; Aromatic Heterocycles : (a) Indole; Fischer Indole synthesis, Bischler synthesis, Madelung synthesis, Domino and cascade method of Indole synthesis, (b) Quiniline and Isoquiniline, (c) Coumarins and Chromones.</p>		
V	<p>5. CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS A) Terpenoids: - Occurrence, Isolation, isoprene rule, structure elucidation and synthesis of α-Terpineol and α- pinene B) Steroids:- Nomenclature of steroids, structure elucidation and synthesis and stereochemistry of cholesterol and progesterone C) Lipids:- Classification, chemistry, properties and function-free fatty acids, triglycerides, phospholipids, glycolipids & waxes conjugated lipids-lipoproteins</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4,P5,P10</p>	<p>P10,PT</p>

Course: M.Sc., (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-1		Faculty Name: B.Leela Kumari		
Subject	PAPER-4: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY- I				
Units	1.Thermodynamics-I 2.Thermodynamics-II 3.Surface Tension 4.Chemical Kinetics-I 5.Chemical Kinetics-II				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Explain the basic concepts of Thermodynamics and its applications ● Understand the concepts of thermodynamics of solutions. ● To understand the principle of micellisation. ● Understand the various kinetic theories, measurements of reaction rates. ● Learn experimental techniques for measuring the kinetics of fast reactions and homogenous catalyzed reactions 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	11	13	12	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:**

Study Material (Handouts):

<https://www.toppr.com/ask/content/posts/surface-chemistry/notes-28204/>

Text Books:

1. Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University Press.
2. Chemical Kinetics by K. J. Laidler, McGraw Hill Pub.
3. Physical chemistry by K.L. Kapoor

Reference Books:

1. Thermodynamics for Chemists, Samuel Glasstone
2. Physical chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pathania
3. Micelles, Theoretical and applied aspects, V. Moroi, Plenum publisher

YouTube Links:

<https://youtu.be/3ksUI-QGIDI>

<https://youtu.be/EqWJ7KIP04I>

Power Point Presentations:

https://web.iitd.ac.in/~sdeep/Thermo_lecture_4.ppt

Model Question paper:

<http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>1. ThermoDynamics – I: Basic concepts of second law of Thermodynamics-Entropy- Entropy changes accompanying different processes-Entropy changes in an ideal gas, entropy changes in the mixing of ideal gases, entropy as a function of V and T and entropy as a function of P and T- Entropy change in isolated systems Clausius inequality- Helmholtz and Gibbs energy – Maxwell relations - Criteria for spontaneity-variation of Gibbs energy with temperature and pressure for solids, liquids and gases- Concept of fugacity-determination of fugacity coefficient of gases- Thermodynamics of phase transitions- Concept of chemical potential-Location of phase boundaries- (Clausius-Clapeyron equation for Liquid- Vapour, Solid -Liquid and Solid- Vapour boundaries)- Ehrenfest classification of phases.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>2. ThermoDynamics – II: Thermodynamics of mixtures -partial molar quantities - experimental methods of determination of partial molar quantities - Gibbs-Duhem equation and Duhem-Margules equation-Thermodynamics of mixing of liquids (ΔH_{mix}, ΔG_{mix} and ΔS_{mix}) - Thermodynamics of ideal solutions - Raoult's law - Thermodynamics of colligative properties of dilute solutions - concept of activity and activity coefficient- Experimental determination of activity coefficient - Thermodynamic concept of equilibrium, variation of equilibrium with temperature (Van't Hoff equation) and pressure - Nernst heat theorem, Third law of thermodynamics- exceptions to third law of thermodynamics.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT

<p>III</p>	<p>3. Surface tension: Capillary action- Adsorption-Adsorption isotherms Freundlich adsorption isotherm, Langmuir adsorption isotherm-limitations - BET adsorption isotherm-estimation of Surface area. Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents, micellization, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, counter ion binding to micelles, thermodynamics of micellization phase separation and mass action models.</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4, P5,P10</p>	<p>P10,PT</p>
<p>IV</p>	<p>4. Chemical Kinetics- I: Theories of reaction rates- Collision theory Limitations, Transition state theory. Lindeman's theory of unimolecular reactions- Limitations. Diffusion controlled reactions. Effect of ionic strength on rates of reactions- Primary and secondary salt effects. Effect of dielectric constant on reactions - kinetic isotope effect -Primary and secondary isotopic effects -Effect of substituent -Linear free energy relationships-Hamett equation - limitations- Taft equation. Kinetics of consecutive reactions, parallel reactions, opposing reactions (Uni molecular steps only, no derivation).</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4, P5,P10</p>	<p>PT,PQ</p>
<p>V</p>	<p>5. Chemical Kinetics- II: Specific and general acid-base catalysis. Skrabal diagrams. Steady state approximation- Enzyme catalysis- Michaelis -Menten mechanism. Derivation of Kinetic equation and Kinetic parameters. Lock and Key hypothesis-pH dependence of enzyme catalyzed reactions. Fast reactions- different methods of studying fast reactions- flow methods, relaxation methods- temperature jump and pressure jump methods.</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4, P5,P10</p>	<p>P10,PT</p>

SEMESTER - II

PAPER -I: GENERAL CHEMISTRY – II

Course: M.Sc. (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-2	Faculty Name: B.Leela Kumari			
Subject	PAPER-1: GENERAL CHEMISTRY-II				
Units	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Wave equation2. Wave mechanics of simple systems3. Hydrogen atom4. Variation principle5. Valence bond approach				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Students will have the idea of wave function and understand the uncertainty relations● Students will learn how to solve the Schrodinger Eq. rigorously for model systems● Students will be able to understand and be able to explain the origin of quantized energy levels● Students will learn to apply concepts from physics and methods from mathematics to derive and understand the properties of chemical systems that arise from quantum mechanical models for the structure of atoms and molecules● They will be able to understand and explain the differences between classical and quantum mechanics				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	11	13	12	12	12

Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4
----------------------------	---	---	---	---	---

Resource Material:	<p>Study Material (Handouts): https://quantum.phys.cmu.edu/CQT/chaps/cqt02.pdf</p> <p>YouTube Links: https://youtu.be/gNDnHWg-cDs https://youtu.be/jb8XvtEgAvk</p> <p>Power Point Presentations: https://people.uleth.ca/~roussel/C2000/slides/08VBtheory.pdf</p> <p>Model Question paper: http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf</p>
---------------------------	--

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>1. Wave equation: Interpretation of wave function – properties of wave function – normalization and orthogonalization , operators – linear and non-linear commutators of operators, Postulates of quantum mechanics, setting up of operators observables – Hermitian operator – Eigen values of Hermitian operator.</p>	P1,P3,P4 ,P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>Wave mechanics of simple systems with constant potential energy, particle in one dimensional box – factors influencing colour – transition – dipole integral, symmetry arguments in deriving the selection rules-the concept of tunneling – particle in a three dimensional box, Rigid rotor, wave mechanics of systems with variable potential energy-simple harmonic oscillator solution of wave equation-selection rules.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT
III	<p>Hydrogen atom-solution of $R(r)$, $\theta(\theta)$ and $\Phi(\phi)$ equations-probability density in orbitals-shapes of orbitals. Perturbation theory- time independent perturbation (only first order perturbation is to be dealt with) – application to ground state energy of hydrogen and helium atom</p>	P1,P3,P4 ,P5,P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>Variation principle-applications to hydrogen and helium atoms-calculation of zero point energy of harmonic oscillator-many electron atom-Comparison between Perturbation and variation theorems. Hartee-Fock self-consistent field method and introductory concepts of Density functional theory(DFT)</p>	P1,P3,P4 ,P5,P10	PT,PQ
V	<p>Valence bond approach-directed valence-hybridization-covalent bond calculation of ionic and covalent bond contributions in hydrogen molecule. Molecular orbital theory – LCAO approximation – hydrogen molecule ion – hydrogen molecule (fundamental concepts only) – The electronic transitions in the hydrogen molecule</p>	P1,P3,P4 ,P5,P10	PQ,PT

Course: M.Sc. (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-2		Faculty Name: CH. MALLIKA		
Subject	PAPER-II : INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II				
Units	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metal cluster compounds 2. Organometallic compounds 3. Metal Ligand equilibria in solution: 4. Determination of stability constants of complexes 5. Reaction Mechanisms of Metal Complexes 				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Students will understand the definition of clusters and poly atomic clusters ● Students are able to apply 18 and 16 electron rules to complexes to explain their stabilities. ● Students are able to understand the stability of complexes based on HSAB principle. ● Students will able to apply different methods to find stability constants in reaction. ● Students understand different reactions of complexes and their mechanism. 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	12	12	12	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:****Study Material (Handouts):**

1. <https://www.sscasc.in/wp-content/uploads/downloads/Chemistry/Inorganic-Chemistry.pdf>

Reference Books:

1. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry by F.A. Cotton and R.G. Wilkinson, IV Edition, John, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1980.
2. Inorganic Chemistry by J.E. Huheey, III edition, Harper International Edition, 1983.
3. Organometallic Chemistry-A unified approach by A. Singh and R.C. Mehrotra, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
4. Inorganic Chemistry by Shriver and Atkins, Oxford University Press (1999)
5. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, II Edition by M.C. Day and J. Selbin, Affiliated East-West press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Mechanisms of Inorganic reactions in solution by D.Benson, McGraw Hill, London, 1968.
7. Inorganic chemistry by K.F. Purcell and J.C.Kotz, W.B. Saunders company, New York, 1977

YouTube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7gmAfRCDTk0>

Model Question paper:

<http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Metal cluster compounds: Definition – evidences for existence of M-M bonds - conditions favorable for formation of M-M bonds – preparation, structure and bonding of the following metal cluster compounds. $\text{Re}_2\text{Cl}_8^{2-}$, $\text{Mo}_2\text{Cl}_8^{4-}$, $\text{Re}_2(\text{RCOO})_4\text{X}_2$, $\text{Mo}_2(\text{RCOO})_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$, $\text{Cr}_2(\text{RCOO})_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$, $\text{Cu}_2(\text{RCOO})_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$, $\text{Cr}_2\text{Cl}_9^{3-}$, $\text{Mo}_2\text{Cl}_9^{3-}$, $\text{W}_2\text{Cl}_9^{3-}$, Re_3Cl_9, $\text{Re}_3\text{Cl}_{12}^{3-}$, $\text{Mo}_6\text{Cl}_8^{4+}$, $\text{Nb}_6\text{X}_{12}^{2+}$ and $\text{Ta}_6\text{X}_{12}^{2+}$. Polyatomic clusters – Zintl ions, Chevrel phases.</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4,P5, P10</p>	<p>P10,PT</p>
II	<p>Organometallic compounds: 16 and 18 electron rules., Isoelectronic relationship - Synthesis, structure, bonding and reactions of carbon monoxide, dinitrogen and nitric oxide complexes. Isolobal relationship – H, Cl, CH_3, $\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_5$; S, CH_2, $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_4$; P, CH, $\text{Co}(\text{CO})_3$ Synthesis, structure, bonding and reactions of metallocenes with special reference to ferrocene</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4, P5,P10</p>	<p>PQ,PT</p>
III	<p>Metal Ligand equilibria in solution: Step wise and overall formation constants and their interaction. Trends in stepwise constants ((statistical effect and statistical ratio), factors affecting the stability of metal complexes; Stability correlations - Irving -William's series, Pearson's theory of hard and soft acids and bases (HSAB), Application of HSAB: Biological functions and toxicology of metals, and medicinal applications; chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin</p>	<p>P1,P3,P4, P5,P10</p>	<p>P10,PQ</p>

IV	<p>Determination of stability constants of complexes:</p> <p>Determination of stability constants of complexes by spectrophotometric method ((Job's method) and pH – metric method(Bjerrum's). Reactivity of metal complexes – inert and labile complexes. Explanation of lability on the basis of valence bond and crystal field theories.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PT,PQ
V	<p>Reaction Mechanisms of Metal Complexes: Reactivity of metal complexes, inert and labile complexes, Kinetics and mechanisms of substitution reactions, kinetics of substitutions reactions in octahedral complexes, acid hydrolysis, Factors affecting acid hydrolysis, Base hydrolysis, Conjugate base mechanism, Anation reactions, substitution reactions in square planar complexes, Trans effect, Mechanism of trans effect, Electron transfer reactions— concept of complementary and non-complementary reactions with examples, inner sphere and outer sphere mechanisms, Marcus theory.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT

PAPER -III: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – II

Course: M.Sc., (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-2	Faculty Name: R.ANURADHA			
Subject	PAPER-III: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II				
Units	1.Aromaticity & Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitutions 2.Reactive Intermediates & Named Reactions 3.Molecular Rearrangements 4.Spectroscopy 5.Alkaloids & Peptides and Proteins & Nucleic acids				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of aromaticity, aromatic nucleophilic substitution ● Understand reactive intermediate and name reactions, ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of molecular rearrangements of electron deficient carbon, Nitrogen and Oxygen ● Develop interest in the areas of spectroscopy- Principles of UV, IR, NMR and Mass spectroscopy. ● To gain knowledge about alkaloids, peptides, proteins and nucleic acids 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	9	12	15	12

Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4
----------------------------	---	---	---	---	---

Resource Material:	<p>Study Material (Handouts): https://courses.lumenlearning.com/suny-potsdam-organicchemistry/chapter/5-6-reactive-intermediates/</p> <p>Text books</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Organic Chemistry Vol. I (Sixth Edn.) and Vol. II (Fifth Ed.,) by I.L. Finar ELBS. 2. Organic Chemistry (fifth Edn.,) by Morrison and Boyd, PHI, India. 3. Organic Chemistry (fifth edition) by Francis A. Carey Tata McGraw Hill publishing Company Limited, New Delhi. 4. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Mukherjee Sirigh, N Terniitarr, Indiar 5. A guide book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes, ELBS. <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Advanced organic chemistry by Jerry March (4th Edition)Wiley Eastern. 2. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds by E.Eliel, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 3. Stereochemistry of Organic compounds by D. Nasipuri. 4. Chemistry of Natural products by R.S. KalsiKalyani Publishers. 1983 <p>YouTube Links: https://youtu.be/ZC8kp_6Sd48 https://youtu.be/HhV3H-m5f2c</p> <p>Power Point Presentation: https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1auI2BEKEwXSWPoMozMEZB8bNLjhZqyWB/edit#slide=id.p4 https://youtu.be/kaXeqpCYgX4</p> <p>Model Question papers: http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf</p>
---------------------------	--

--	--

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>A) Aromaticity: Concept of Aromaticity, Aromaticity of five membered, six membered and fused systems -non-benzenoid aromatic compounds:- cyclopropenylcation, cyclobutadienyldication, cyclopentadienyl anion – tropyliumcation and cyclo octatetraenyl di anion – metallocenes, ferrocenes, azulenes, fulvenes, annulenes, fullerenes. Homo aromaticity, Anti aromaticity and Pseudo aromaticity.</p> <p>B) Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitutions: The S_NAr, S_N1, benzyne and S_{RN}1 mechanisms. Reactivity: Effect of substrate, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The Von- Richter ,Sommler-Hauser and Smiles rearrangements.</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>A) Reactive Intermediates: Generation, structure, stability and reactivity of Reactive intermediates: carbanion, carbocation, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes.</p> <p>B) Named Reactions: Wittig reaction, Grignard reaction, Stork enamine reaction, Michael addition, Mannich Reaction, Diel's-Alder reaction and Ene-reaction</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT
III	<p>Molecular Rearrangements: Types of molecular rearrangements, migratory aptitude; Rearrangements to electron deficient carbon: Pinacol-pinacolone, Wagner-Meerwein and Benzil-Benzilic acid, Rearrangements to electron deficient nitrogen: Beckmann, Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt and Lossen rearrangements; Rearrangements to electron deficient oxygen: Baeyer-villiger, Dakin rearrangements; Other rearrangements: Neber rearrangement and Favorskii rearrangements</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	P10

IV	<p>A) UV Spectroscopy: Various electronic transitions, selection rules, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, the absorption laws, chromophores, auxochromes, bathochromic and hypsochromic shifts, hyperchromic and hypochromic effects, Woodward-Fieser rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds. B) Infrared Spectroscopy: Basic principles: types of molecular vibrations, fingerprint region and identification of functional groups. C) Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (1H-NMR): nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shift, and assignment of chemical shifts. D) Mass Spectroscopy: Basic principles, nitrogen rule and fragmentation pattern of carbonyl compounds and alcohols</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PT,PQ
V	<p>A) Alkaloids: Occurrence, Isolation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring and synthesis of quinine and nicotine B) Peptides and Proteins: α-Aminoacids, their general properties and synthesis, Synthesis of peptides by Merrifield solid phase synthesis. Primary, secondary and tertiary structures of proteins C) Nucleic acids: Heterocyclic bases; Purines: Adenine and Guanine; Pyrimidines: Cytosine, Uracil and Thymine; nucleosides, nucleotides Basic concepts of the structures of RNA and DNA</p>	P1,P3,P4, P5,P10	PQ,PT

PAPER -IV: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – II

Course: M.Sc., (Organic Chemistry)	Year/Semester: 1-2	Faculty Name: B.Leela Kumari			
Subject	PAPER-IV: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II				
Units	1.Crystal structure of solids 2.Classification of polymers 3.Electrochemistry I 4.Electrochemistry II 5.Photochemistry				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Explain the basic concepts of Crystallography● Understand the types of polymers and analyze various physical properties of polymers● Understand the concepts of electrochemistry and theories like Debye Huckel theory● Understand the basic concept and theories of electrode-electrolyte interface● Learn principles of photochemistry and various photochemical reactions				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	12	12	12	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:**

Study Material (Handouts):

<https://www.arsdcollege.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Glass-transition-Temperature-and-factors-affecting-1.pdf>

Reference Books:

1. Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University Press.
2. Physical Chemistry by G.W. Castellon, Narosha Publishing House
3. Physical chemistry by K.L. Kapoor.
4. Principles of photochemistry, RohitgeeMukhargee

YouTube Links:

<https://youtu.be/5h5gXoFyo64>

Power Point Presentations:

<https://www.chemistry.mcmaster.ca/~aph/chem1a3/lectures/lec12/lec12.ppt>

Model Question paper:

<http://www.nou.ac.in/econtent/Msc%20Chemistry%20Paper%20IX/MSc%20Chemistry%20Paper-IX%20Unit-6.pdf>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Crystal structure of solids: Fundamental of lattices, unit cell, Bravais lattices, symmetry elements in crystals, packing efficiency, radius ratios; Miller indices. Structures and types of solids. Structure determination by X-ray diffraction (Bragg's equation). Magnetic properties of solids-Classification of magnetic materials, Magnetic susceptibility, Measurement of magnetic susceptibility. Electric properties- Band theory, the band structure of metals, insulators, and semiconductors. The temperature dependence of the conductivity of extrinsic semiconductors. Superconductivity and occurrence. Meisner effect. Types of superconductors. Theories of superconductivity - BCS theory.</p>	<p>P1,P3, P4,P5, P10</p>	P10,PT
II	<p>Classification of polymers: Free radical, ionic and Zeigler - Natta Polymerization - kinetics of free radical polymerization - Techniques of polymerization - Glass transition temperature - Factors influencing the glass transition temperature - Number average and Weight average, Molecular weights - molecular weights determination - End group analysis - Osmometry - Light scattering and ultra-centrifugation methods.</p>	<p>P1,P3, P4,P5, P10</p>	PQ,PT
III	<p>Electrochemistry I: Ionic mobilities and conductivities - Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, Debye-Huckel onsagar equation- limitations- mean activity coefficient- Verification of Debye-Huckel limiting law. Electro chemical cell- Galvanic and electrolytic cell. Nernst equation- Concentration cell with and without transference- effect of complexation on redox potential- ferricyanide/ ferrocyanide couple, Iron (III) phenonthroline/ Iron(II) phenonthroline couple. Fuel Cells-</p>	<p>P1,P3, P4,P5, P10</p>	P10,PT

	construction-- Various types-Examples.		
IV	<p>Electrochemistry II:</p> <p>The electrode-electrolyte interface. The electrical double layer. The Helmholtz-Perrin parallel-plate model, the Gouy-Chapman diffuse-charge model and the Stern model. Electrode reactions at the electrode-electrolyte interface. Derivation of Butler-Volmer equation. High field approximation, Tafel equation, Low field equilibrium, over voltage. Theories of over voltage- Corrosion - Concentration polarization - Polarography -Half wave potential and Ilkovic equation.</p>	P1,P3, P4,P5, P10	PT,PQ
V	<p>Photochemistry: Electronic transitions in molecules, Franck-Condon principle. Electronically excited molecules- singlet and triplet states, spinorbit interaction. Quantum yield and its determination. Actinometry. Derivation of fluorescence and phosphorescence quantum yields. Quenching effect- Stern Volmer equation. Photochemical equilibrium and delayed fluorescence- E-type and P-type. Photochemical primary processes, types of photochemical reactions-photodissociation, addition and isomerization reactions with examples.</p>	P1,P3, P4,P5, P10	PQ,PT

SEMESTER - III

PAPER -I: Organic reaction mechanisms, pericyclic reactions and photochemistry

Course: M.Sc., (ORGANIC CHEMISTRY)	Year/Semester: 2-1	Faculty Name: R.Anuradha
Subject	PAPER -I: ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISMS, PERICYCLIC REACTIONS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY	

<p style="text-align: center;">Units</p>	<p>1.Radical substitution reaction</p> <p>2.Elimination reactions</p> <p>3. Addition reactions</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">a. Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">b. Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bonds</p> <p>4. Pericyclic reactions</p> <p>5. Organic Photochemistry</p>				
<p>Learning Objectives</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of reactions and mechanisms of radical Substitution. ● Understand reactions and mechanisms of Elimination reactions and their stereo chemistry. ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of Addition reactions to carbon- carbon, carbon- hetero atom multiple bonds. ● Acquire the knowledge of reactions and mechanism Pericyclic reactions and their classification. ● Understand the concept of photochemistry of carbonyl compounds, unsaturated systems and aromatic compounds 				
<p style="text-align: center;">Units</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">U1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">U2</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">U3</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">U4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">U5</p>
<p>Total Hours : 60</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">11</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">11</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">13</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">12</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">13</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Internal Evaluation</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>

**Resource
Material:**

Study Material (Handouts):

https://edscl.in/pluginfile.php/2823/mod_resource/content/1/Teachers%20Notes.pdf

Reference Books:

- 1) Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions Mechanisms and Structure by Jerry March, Mc.Graw Hill and Kogakush.
- 2) Molecular reactions and Photochemistry by Charles Dupey and O. Chapman, Prentice Hall.
- 3) Pericyclic reactions by S.N. Mukharji, Mcmilan.
- 4) Mechanisms and Theory in Organic Chemistry by T.H. Lowery and K.S. Richardson.
- 5) The modern structural theory in Organic Chemistry by L. N. Ferguson, Prentice Hall

YouTube Links:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mjck01ao9Mw&list=PLj_Alq7xw30kL1S84P_SMO2wSfkTeN6n

Power Point Presentations:

https://www.powershow.com/view0/7140c0-ZjY3Z/photochemistry_ppt_powerpoint_ppt_presentation

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Radical substitution reactions: Reactivity for aliphatic substrates ,reactivity at Bridgehead, Reactivity in aromatic substrates, neighbouring group assistance in free radical reactions, reactivity in the attacking radical, effect of solvent on reactivity, halogenation at an alkyl carbon and allylic carbon, hydroxylation at aromatic carbon by means of Fenton's reagent, formation of cyclic ethers with Pb (OAc)₄, Hunsdiecker reaction, Kolbe reaction, Reed reaction and Sandmeyer reaction.</p>	P1,P3, P5, P10	P10,PT
II	<p>Elimination reactions : Mechanisms of E₂, E₁, and E₁CB, factors-effects of substrate,attacking base, leaving group and medium. Stereochemistry of eliminations in acyclic and cyclic systems. Saytzeff elimination, Hoffman elimination and pyrolytic elimination.</p>	P1,P3, P5, P10	P10,PT
III	<p>Addition reactions: Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds- Addition reactions involving electrophiles,nucleophiles and free radicals, cyclic mechanisms. Stereochemistry and reactivity. Hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, Birch reduction, Hydroboration, Michael reaction, Prins reaction. Addition of oxygen and N₂O₄. Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bonds: Mechanism and reactivity. Reductions of carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, esters, nitriles. Addition of Grignard reagents, Mannich reaction, Reformatsky reaction, Tollen's reaction, Wittig reaction.</p>	P1,P3, P5, P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>Pericyclic reactions: Molecular Orbital Symmetry, MO diagrams of ethylene, 1,3 Butadiene, 1,3,5- Hexatriene and allyl system. Woodward- Hoffman correlation diagram method, Frontier molecular orbital approach (FMO) and Perturbation molecular orbital approach (PMO) for the explanation of pericyclic reactions under thermal and photochemical conditions. Classification of pericyclic reactions:</p> <p>Electrocyclic Reactions: Conrotatory and Dis rotatory motions. $4n \pi$ and $4n+2 \pi$ electrons systems. Cycloadditions: Antarafacial and Suprafacial additions. 2+2, 4+2 cycloadditions and chelotropic reactions. Sigma tropic rearrangements-Suprafacial and</p>	P1,P3, P5, P10	P10,PT

	Antarafacial shifts of H, Sigmatropic shift involving carbon moieties (1,3), (1,5), (3,3) and (5,5) sigmatropic rearrangements. Claisen, Cope, Oxy-cope and aza- Cope rearrangements. Ene reaction.		
V	Photochemistry of carbonyl compounds: n- π^* and π - π^* transitions. Norrish type I and Norrish type II cleavages. Paterno - Buchi reactions , Photoreduction, Photochemistry of α , β - unsaturated ketones, photochemistry of enones and cyclohexadienones . Photochemistry of unsaturated systems (Olefins): cis - trans isomerization, dimerization, and addition . Acetylenes - dimerisation. Photochemistry of 1,3butadienes, di- π -ethane rearrangement. Photochemistry of aromatic compounds – 1,2, 1,3, and 1,4- additions. Photo-Fries rearrangement, Photo-Fries reactions of anilides.	P1,P3, P5, P10	P10,PT

PAPER -II: Organic Spectroscopy

Course: M.Sc., (organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-1	Faculty Name: R.ANURADHA
Subject	PAPER – II: Organic Spectroscopy	

Units	1.UV Spectroscopy 2.IR Spectroscopy 3.NMR Spectroscopy 4.MASS Spectroscopy 5.Structural Elucidation of Organic Compounds				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of UV spectra of aromatic and hetero cyclic compounds and conformations of substituted cyclohexanones. ● Understand the characteristic vibrational frequencies of various functional groups by Infrared spectroscopy. ● Apply the knowledge and understanding the principle of NMR and its applications. ● Develop interest in the areas of Mass Spectroscopic techniques and fragmentations of various functional groups. ● To acquire the knowledge on structural elucidation of organic compounds using UV, IR, NMR, Mass spectral data. 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	10	13	13	15	9
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:**

Study Material (Handouts):

https://www.utdallas.edu/~scortes/ochem/OChem_Lab1/recit_notes/ir_presentation.pdf

Reference Books:

- 1) Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds by RM Silverstein, G C Bassler and T B Morrill
- 2) Organic Spectroscopy by William Kemp
- 3) Spectroscopic methods in Organic chemistry by DH Williams and I Fleming
- 4) Modern NMR techniques for chemistry research by Andrew B Derome
- 5) NMR in chemistry - A multinuclear introduction by William Kemp
- 6) Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds by P S Kalsi
- 7) Introduction to organic spectroscopy by Pavia
- 8) Carbon-13 NMR for organic chemists by GC Levy and O L Nelson
- 9) Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Basic principles by Atta-ur-Rahman

YouTube Links:

<https://youtu.be/jjcHZuTGWXk>

<https://youtu.be/XFvGQbaZPr4>

<https://youtu.be/2vDAyBCa5NE>

Power Point Presentations:

<https://www.sjctni.edu/Department/ch/eLecture/Mass%20Spectrometry.ppt>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>UV-SPECTROSCOPY</p> <p>UV spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds, α-diketones, β-diketones, enediones and quinines. Applications of UV Spectroscopy- study of isomerism, determination of strength of hydrogen bonding and conformations of α-substituted cyclohexanones. Steric effect in biphenyls.</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	PQ, PT
II	<p>IR_ SPECTROSCOPY</p> <p>characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers, phenols, amines, carbonyl compounds, esters, amides, carboxylic acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams, nitriles and conjugated carbonyl compounds. Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent on vibrational frequencies.</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT
III	<p>NMR SPECTROSCOPY</p> <p>Nuclear spin, resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shifts and its measurements, factors affecting chemical shift, chemical and magnetic equivalence of spins, spin-spin coupling, integration, the coupling constant, types of spin-spin couplings, factors influencing coupling constants, first-order and non-first order spectra, spin system notations (ABX, AMX, ABC, A₂B₂ etc.). Simplification of non-first order spectra- use of higher magnetic fields, nuclear magnetic double resonance and contact shift reagents. Deuterium exchange, nuclear overhauser effect difference spectra, Study of dynamic processes by Variable temperature (VT) NMR, restricted rotation DMF, cyclohexane ring inversion.</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>MASS SPECTROSCOPY</p> <p>Basic Principles, instrumentation, isotope abundance, the molecular ion, metastable ions, base peak, fragment ions, even-electron rule and</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10, PT

	nitrogen rule. McLafferty rearrangement ortho effect. <i>retro</i> -Diels- Alder reaction, Fragmentation processes - fragmentation associated with various functional groups (alkanes, cycloalkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, phenols, ethers, aldehydes , ketones, esters , carboxylic acids, amides, amines, alkyl chlorides and alkyl bromides.		
V	<p>Structural elucidation of Organic compounds:</p> <p>Structural elucidation of Organic compounds by a combined application of the UV, IR, NMR and MASS spectral data</p> <p>Structural elucidation of Organic compounds by a combined application of the UV, IR, NMR and MASS spectral data.</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT

PAPER -III: ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

Course: M.Sc., (Organic chemistry)	Year-Semester: 2-1	Faculty Name: CH.Mallika
Subject	Paper III- ORGANIC SYNTHESIS	
Units	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Formation of carbon-carbon(c-c) single bonds2. Formation of carbon-carbon double bonds3. Organic polymers4. Reactions of unactivated carbon-hydrogen bonds5. Asymmetric synthesis	
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Acquire the knowledge of formation of C-C via enolates, enamines, organo metallic reagents.● Understand formation of C=C bonds , pyrolytic syn eliminations.● Apply the knowledge and understanding the introduction of organic polymers, properties and their classification.● To understand the concept of reactions of unactivated C-H bonds and their synthetic applications.● Develop interest in the areas of Asymmetric synthesis, Diels alder reaction. <hr/>	

Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	13	12	10	13
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

Resource Material:	<p>Study Material (Handouts):</p> <p>https://new.bhu.ac.in/Content/Syllabus/Syllabus_3006312820200414035642.pdf</p> <p>https://profiles.uonbi.ac.ke/andakala/files/sch_302_asymmetric_synthesis.pdf</p> <p>Reference Books:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis W. Carothers, Third Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1988. 2. Modern Synthetic Reactions, Herbert O. House, Second Edition, W.A. Benjamin Inc. Menlo Park, California, 1972. 3. Principle of Organic Synthesis- R.O.C. Norman and J. M. Coxon.(ELBS) 4. Advanced organic chemistry part A & B; Fourth edition; Francis A Cary and Richard J. Sundberg; Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publisher New York, 2000. 5. Organic chemistry Jonathan Clayden, Nick Greeves, Stuart Warren, 2nd Edition, 2012, Oxford University Press. 6. Stereochemistry of organic compounds — Principles & Applications by D Nasipuri. 7. Stereochemistry of Carbon compounds by Ernest L Eliel & Samuel H. Wilen. 8. Stereochemistry: Conformation & Mechanism by P S Kalsi. 9. The third dimension in organic chemistry, by Alan Bassendale. 10. Stereo selectivity in organic synthesis by R S Ward. 11. Asymmetric synthesis by Nogradi.
---------------------------	---

12. Asymmetric organic reactions by J D Morrison and H S Moscher.
13. Principles in Asymmetric synthesis by Robert E. Gawley & JEFFREY AUBE.

YouTube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fLXyKLVd6Hc>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Formation of Carbon-Carbon (C-C) single bonds:</p> <p>A) Alkylations via enolate anions-1,3-diarbonyl and related compounds, direct alkylation of simple enolates, imine and hydrozone anions, enamines. The aldol reaction, umplong (dipole inversion)</p> <p>B)via Organometallic reagents- organ palladium, organo nickel and organo copper reagents</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PQ, PT
II	<p>Formation of carbon-carbon double</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PT,P10

	<p>bonds: β- Elimination reactions, Pyrolytic <i>syn</i> eliminations, alkenes form hydrazones, 1,2-diols, sulfones, sulphoxide-sulphonate rearrangement, the Wittig and related reactions.</p>		
III	<p>Organic polymers Introduction to organic polymers, general properties and classification of polymers. Methods Of polymerization:(a) Addition polymerization-Definition, synthesis and applications , vulcanization. (b) Condensation Polymerization-Definition, synthesis and applications. Radical polymerization Ziegler-Natta polymerization (With atleast two examples in each category)</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PT,P10
IV	<p>Reactions of unactivated carbon-hydrogen bonds: Definition, mechanism and synthetic applications- The Hoffmann-Loeffler-Freytag reaction(HLF reaction)-cyclisation reactions of Nitrenes-the Barton reaction-Photolysis of organic hypohalites-hypochlorites, hypobromites and hypoiodites.</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PT
V	<p>Synthetic applications of organoboranes: Organoboranes: Preparation of Organoboranes viz hydroboration with BH₃-THF, dicyclohexyl borane, disiamyl borane, theryl borane, 9-BBN and disopinacamplyel borne, functional group transformations of Organo boranes-Oxidation, protonolysis and rearrangements. Formation, of carbon-carbon-bonds viz organo boranes carbonylation, the cyanoborate process and reaction of alkenyl boranes and trialkenyl borates.</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PQ,PT

PAPER -IV: Chemistry of Natural Products

Course: Msc., (organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-1	Faculty Name:CH. MALLIKA
Subject	Paper IV – Chemistry of Natural Products	
Units	1.Antibiotics 2.Terpenes 3.Alkaloids 4.Natural Flavanoids 5.Natural pigment	
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Acquire the knowledge of isolation, structural elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of selected antibiotics● Understand isolation, structural elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of selected terpenes● Apply the knowledge and understanding isolation, structural elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of	

	alkaloids <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop interest in the areas of isolation, structural elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of Flavonoids • Understand isolation, structural elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of natural pigments 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	11	12	13	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:****Study Material (Handouts):**

https://annamalaiuniversity.ac.in/studport/download/engg/pharm/resources/pharmd_3Y_3.5_medicinal%20Chemistry.pdf

Reference Material:

1. Organic Chemistry, Volume 2, Stereochemistry and chemistry of natural products, I.L. Finar, 5th Edition. ELBS.
2. Chemical Aspects of Biosynthesis, John Mann, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1996
3. Chemistry of Natural Products. A Unified Approach, N.R. Krishnaswamy, Universe Press (India) Ltd., Orient Longman Limited, Hyderabad, 1999.
4. Chemistry of natural products, S. V. Bhat, Narosa Publishing House, 6th reprint 2010.

You tube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K1mD55y4Yhg>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	Antibiotics -Isolation,structure,elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of PencillinG, Cephalosphorin-C,streptomycin, chloramphenicol and tetracyclins	P1,P3,P4,P5	PT,P10
II	TERPENES - Isolation, structure elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis and biological properties of Terpenes: Forskolin, taxol and β -amyrin	P1,P3,P4,P5	PQ,PT
III	Alkaloids - Isolation, structure elucidation, stereochemistry, synthesis, and biological properties of Alkaloids: Morphine, reserpine and vincristine	P1,P3,P4,P5	PT,P10
IV	Natural flavonoids: Natural Flavonoids, Apigenin, flavanones, Hesperetin, Isoflavones ,Genistein, Flavonol quercetin ,xanthone-Euxanthone.	P1,P3,P4,P5	PQ,PT
V	Natural pigments - Introduction structure elucidation and synthesis of quinones- Polyporic acid. Chlorophyll and haemin.	P1,P3,P4,P5	PQ,PT

SEMESTER – IV

PAPER -II: Modern synthetic methodology

Course: M.Sc., (Organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-2	Faculty Name: R:ANURADHA			
Subject	PAPER- III: Modern Synthetic Methodology in Organic Chemistry				
Units	1.Modern Synthetic Methods 2.Multi component Reactions and Metathesis 3.Oxidation 4.Reduction 5.Newer methods in organic synthesis				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Acquire the knowledge of various modern synthetic methods.● Understand multicomponent reactions and meta thesis● Apply the knowledge and understanding of metal and non metal based oxidations● To understand the concept of Reduction - homogeneous and heterogeneous catalytic hydrogenation.● Develop interest in the areas of green chemistry, nano materials and phase transfer catalysts				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	10	10	15	15	10
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

Resource Material:

Study Material (Handouts):

<https://www.epa.gov/greenchemistry/basics-green-chemistry>

Reference Books:

1. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis W. Carothers, Third Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1988.
2. F. A. Cary and R. I. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part A and B, 5th Edition, Springer, 2009.
3. M. B. Smith, Organic Synthesis, 2nd Edition, 2005
4. J. Tsuji, Palladium Reagents and Catalysts, New Perspectives for the 21st Century, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
5. I. Ojima, Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis, 2nd edition, Wiley-VCH, New York, 2000.
6. J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2001.
7. R. Noyori, Asymmetric Catalysis in Organic Synthesis, John Wiley & Sons, 1994.
8. L. Kuerti and B. Czako, Strategic Applications of named Reactions in Organic Synthesis Elsevier Academic Press, 2005
9. Green chemistry, Theory and Practical, Paul T. Anastas and John C. Warner.
10. New trends in green chemistry By V.K. Ahulwalia and M. Kidwai.

YouTube Links:

https://youtu.be/Zas_JlccBNQ

<https://youtu.be/PfQiyHZydtk>

Power Point Presentations:

<https://www.slideshare.net/Krishanyadav28/synthesis-of-nanomaterials>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Modern Synthetic Methods: Baylis-Hillman reaction, Henry reaction, Nef reaction, Kulinkovich reaction, Ritter reaction, Sakurai reaction, Tishchenko reaction and Ugi reaction. Brook rearrangement; Tebbe olefination. Metal mediated C-C and C-X coupling reactions: Heck, Stille, Suzuki, Negishi and Sonogashira, Nozaki-Hiyama, Buchwald-Hartwig, Ullmann coupling reaction.</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT
II	<p>Multi component Reactions: Passerini reaction, Biginelli reaction, Hantzsch reaction and Mannich reaction.</p> <p>Metathesis: Grubb's 1st generation and 2nd generation catalyst, Olefin Cross coupling Metathesis (OCM), Ring Closing Metathesis(RCM), Ring Opening Metathesis (ROM) and applications .</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT
III	<p>Oxidation: Metal based and non-metal based oxidations of (a) alcohols to carbonyls (Chromium, Manganese, aluminium, silver, ruthenium, DMSO, hypervalent iodine and TEMPO based reagents). (b) phenols (Fremy's salt, silver carbonate) (c) alkenes to epoxides (peroxides/per acids based), Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Jacobsen epoxidation, Shi epoxidation.(d) alkenes to diols (Manganese, Osmium based), Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation, Prevost reaction and Woodward modification, (e) alkenes to carbonyls with bond cleavage (Manganese, Osmium, Ruthenium and lead based, ozonolysis) (f) alkenes to alcohols/carbonyls without bond cleavage (hydroboration-oxidation, Wacker oxidation, selenium, chromium based allylic oxidation) (g) ketones to ester/lactones (Baeyer-Villiger).</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT
IV	<p>Reduction: (a)Catalytic hydrogenation (Heterogeneous: Palladium/Platinum/ Rhodium/ Nickel etc; Homogeneous: Wilkinson). Noyori asymmetric hydrogenation. (b) Metal based</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT

	reductions using Li/Na/Ca in liquid ammonia, Sodium, Magnesium, Zinc, Titanium and Samarium (Birch, Pinacol formation, McMurry, Acyloin formation, dehalogenation and deoxygenations) (c) Hydride transfer reagents-NaBH ₄ triacetoxyborohydride, L- selectride, K-selectride, Luche reduction; LiAlH ₄ , DIBAL-H, and Red-Al.		
V	<p>Newer methods in organic synthesis:</p> <p>Green Chemistry: Introduction, principles, atom economy and scope (illustrate with two examples)</p> <p>Microwave induced reactions: Principle conditions, advantages over conventional heating methods-applications</p> <p>Ionic liquids: Introduction and applications in organic synthesis (illustrate with two examples).</p> <p>Nanomaterials: Introduction, methods of preparation, applications in organic synthesis</p> <p>Phase-transfer catalysis: solid-solid, solid-liquid systems-mechanism of catalytic action, type of catalysts, application in few important reactions</p>	P1,P3, P5,P10	P10,PT

PAPER -II: Organic Spectroscopy-II

Course: M.SC., (organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-2	Faculty Name: R.ANURADHA
Subject	PAPER II: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY- II	

Units	1. ¹³ C NMR Spectroscopy 2. Heteronuclear NMR Spectroscopy & ESR spectroscopy 3. NMR Instrumentation, 2D NMR Techniques 4. Optical Rotatory Dispersion & CD Spectroscopy 5. Structural Determination of natural products by spectral methods				
Learning Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of ¹³C NMR spectroscopy ● Understand Heteronuclear coupling and ESR spectroscopy. ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of NMR instrumentation and 2D NMR techniques. ● Develop interest in the ORD and CD spectroscopy ● To gain knowledge on structural determination of natural products by spectroscopy 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours: 60	12	12	12	12	12
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:****Reference Books:**

1. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry. Forth Edition D.M. Williams and I. Fleming Tata - McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1990.
For all spectral methods except ORD and CD and ESR.
2. Organic Spectroscopy, Second Edition, W.Kemp, ELBS Macmillan, 1987 for ORD and CD and ESR.
3. Applications of absorption spectroscopy of Organic Compounds J.R.Dyer, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1984.
4. Spectrometric identification of Organic Compounds, Fourth Edition, R.M. Silverstein; G.C.Vasslelir and T.C. Merrill, John Wiley, Singapore, 1981.
5. For ORD and CD "Applications of Optical rotation and Circular Dichroism", G.C. Barret,
6. "Elucidation of Organic structures by Physical and Chemical Methods" Part I (Eds) K.W. Bentley and G.W.Rirty John Wiley, 1972, Chapter VIII (only those aspects mentioned in the syllabus).

YouTube Links:

<https://youtu.be/eOKeVKjZ6Dk>

<https://youtu.be/q72mVbU7orE>

Power Point Presentations:

<https://slideplayer.com/slide/15722339/>

Model papers:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>¹³C NMR spectroscopy: Introduction, ¹³C-chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, chemical shifts of organic compounds. Calculation of chemical shifts of alkanes, alkenes and aromatic compounds. Types of ¹³C NMR spectra: Proton-coupled, proton-decoupled and OFF-resonance decoupled (ORD) spectra, DEPT. ¹³C-NMR solvents.</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PT,P10
II	<p>Heteronuclear NMR spectroscopy & Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy (ESR): Heteronuclear couplings: ¹³C¹H, ¹³C-D, ¹³C¹⁹F, ¹³C³¹P.¹H-D, ¹H¹⁹F, ¹H³¹P, ¹H¹⁵N ESR Spectroscopy: Principles, hyperfine splitting.</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	PQ,P10
III		P1,P3,P5,	PT,PQ

	NMR Instrumentation, 2D-NMR techniques NMR Instrumentation: Types of NMR Spectrometers-Continuous Wave (CW)-NMR, Fourier Transform (FT)-NMR, NMR solvents, sample preparation 2D-NMR techniques: Principles of 2D NMR, Correlation spectroscopy (COSY) HOMO COSY (1H-1H COSY), Hetero COSY (1H, 13C COSY, HMQC), long range 1H,13C COSY (HMBC), NOESY and 2D-INADEQUATE experiments and their applications	P10	
IV	Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) and CD Spectroscopy: Optical rotation, circular birefringence, and circular dichroism and Cotton effect. Plain curves and anomalous curves. Empirical and semiempirical rules-The axial haloketone rule, the octant rule, Application of the rules to the study of absolute configuration and conformations of organic molecules	P1,P3,P5, P10	P10,PT
V	Structure determination of natural products by spectral methods: structure elucidation-Spectroscopic techniques IR, UV, 1H-NMR, 13C-NMR, COSY, HETEROCOSY, and MS- natural products-Examples, flavones-Apigenin, flavanones-Hesperetin, isoflavones-Genistein, coumarins-7-hydroxycoumarin, alkaloids-morphine, quinine, terpenoids(-) -Menthol, Steroids-stigmasterol, Glycosides-salicin (Alcoholic β -glucoside).	P1,P3,P5, P10	P10,PT

PAPER -III: Designing organic synthesis and synthetic applications of organo-boranes and silanes

Course: M.Sc., (Organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-2	Faculty Name: CH.Mallika
Subject	Paper IV: DESIGNING ORGANIC SYNTHESIS AND SYNTHETIC APPLICATIONS OF ORGANO- BORANES AND -SILANES	
Units	1.Disconnection approach –Principles 2. Synthetic Strategies-One group disconnections 3. Synthetic Strategies-Two group disconnections 4. Organoboranes 5. Organo Silanes	

<p>Learning Objectives</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of the disconnection approach and its principles. ● Understand the synthetic strategies for one group disconnection ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of disconnection ● Approach, synthetic strategies in two group disconnection ● Develop interest in the areas of the organo boranes preparations and their synthetic applications. ● Understand the preparations and synthetic applications of organosilanes.. 				
<p>Units</p>	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
<p>Total Hours : 60</p>	14	10	11	13	12
<p>Internal Evaluation: 20M</p>	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:****Study Material (Handouts):**

<https://www.massey.ac.nz/~gjrowlan/chem312/tutorial.pdf>

Reference Books:

1. Organic syntheses via boranes / Herbert C. Brown; with techniques by Gary.W. Kramer, Alan B. Levy, M. Mark Midland. New York : Wiley, 1975
2. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis W. Carothers, Third Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1988.
3. Organic Synthesis: The disconnection approach, S. Warrant John Wiley & sons, New York, 1984.
4. 4. Modern Synthetic Reactions, Herbert O. House, Second Edition,
5. W.A. Benzamine, Inc. Menio Park, California, 1972.
6. Principle of Organic Synthesis- R.O.C. Norman and J. M. Coxon.(ELBS)
7. Organic Synthesis: Special techniques. V.K.Ahulwalia and Renu Aggarwal.
8. Organic Synthesis by C Willis and M Willis
9. Problems on organic synthesis by Stuart Warren

YouTube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0XJEgJ8OD28>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KsMXXgbhVkk>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Disconnection approach –Principles</p> <p>Introduction, Terminology: Retrosynthesis, Target Molecule (TM), synthon, synthetic equivalent, functional group interconversion (FGI). Linear and convergent synthesis. Criteria for selection of target. Order of events in retrosynthesis with reference to Salbutamol, Proparacaine and Dopamine. Chemoselectivity, Regioselectivity, reversal of polarity and cyclizations. Protecting groups- Principles of protection of alcohols, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups</p>	P1,P3,P5	PT,P10
II	<p>Synthetic Strategies-One group disconnections</p> <p>Introduction to one group disconnections: C-C disconnection-alcohols and carbonyl compounds; C-X disconnections- alcohols and carbonyl compounds and sulphides two group C-C and C-X Disconnections.</p>	P1,P3,P5	PQ,P10
III	<p>Synthetic Strategies-Two group disconnections</p> <p>Introduction to Two group C-C disconnections; Diels-Alder reaction, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds, Michael addition and Robinson annulation. Two group C-X disconnections; 1, 1-difunctionalised, 1, 2-difunctionalised and 1, 3- difunctionalised compounds. Control in carbonyl condensations, explanation with examples oxanamide and mevalonic acid.</p>	P1,P3,P5	PQ,P10
IV	<p>Organoboranes</p> <p>Hydroboration- Preparation of Organoboranes. Reagents –dicyclohexyl borane, disiamyl borane, thexyl borane, 9-BBN and mono-, di- isopinocampheyl borane. Functional group transformations of Organo boranes-Oxidation, protonolysis</p>	P1,P3,P5	PT,PQ

	and rearrangements. Formation of carbon-carbon-bonds viz organo boranes-carbonylation, cyanoboration		
V	<p>Organo Silanes</p> <p>Preparation and synthetic applications of trimethylsilyl chloride, dimethyl-tbutylsilyl chloride, trimethylsilyl cyanide, trimethylsilyl iodide and trimethylsilyl triflate. Protection of functional groups- Trimethylsilyl ethers, Silyl enol ethers. Synthetic applications of α-silyl carbanions, β-silyl carbonium ions. Peterson's olefination</p>	P1,P3,P5, P10	P4,PT

PAPER -IV: DRUG DESIGN AND DRUG CHEMISTRY

Course: Msc., (organic chemistry)	Year/Semester: 2-2		Faculty Name: CH. MALLIKA		
Subject	Paper IV – DRUG DESIGN AND DRUG CHEMISTRY				
Units	1. Basic consideration of drugs 2. Antineoplastic Agent 3. Cardiovascular Drugs 4. Oral Hypoglycemic Drugs 5. Local Anti-infective Drugs & Antiviral drugs				
Learning objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Acquire the knowledge of drugs, their classification, drug metabolism and drug development, Structure Activity Relationship in drugs ● Understand drugs, their classification, drug metabolism of antineoplastic drugs ● Understand drugs, their classification, drug metabolism of cardiovascular drugs ● Acquire the knowledge of oral hypoglycemic drugs. ● Apply the knowledge and understanding of local anti-infective and antiviral drugs. 				
Units	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Total Hours : 60	12	11	12	11	14
Internal Evaluation	4	4	4	4	4

**Resource
Material:**

Study Material (Handouts):

<https://baranlab.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Final-Slides-1.pdf>

Reference books:

1. Text book of medicinal chemistry , volume I & II, Third Edition by V alagarsamy, CBS- publishers
2. Introduction to medicinal chemistry , A. Gringuage Wiley –VCH
3. Wilson and Gisvolds text book of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry, Ed Robert F Dorge
4. An introduction to Drug Design. , S. S Pandeyeaand J.R Dimmock, New age international
5. Burgers Medicinal chemistry and Drug discovery , Vol-1(chapter -9 and chap -14)Ed M E Wollff, john Wiley
6. Good man Gillman Pharamacological Basis of Therapeutics , McGraw-Hill
7. The Organic chemistry of drug design and drug action, R. B Silverman Acedamic Press
8. Strategies of organic drug synthesis and design, D. Lednieer. John Wiley

YouTube Links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LWDQyaKVols>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0tLYC89tRPc>

Model Question paper:

<https://www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/student-corner/ug-and-pg-syllabus.html>

Unit - Wise Plan Pedagogical Evaluation

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	PEDAGOGY	INTERNAL EVALUATION
I	<p>Basic consideration of drugs: General Classification, nomenclature, drug metabolism. Development of drugs: Procedure followed in drug design, concepts of lead compound lead modification, concept of prodrugs, Structure Activity Relationship (SAR)- factors affecting bio-activity-resonance, inductive effect, isosterism, bio-isosterism, spatial considerations, Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships (QSAR)-Concepts of drug receptors. Elementary treatment of drug receptor interactions. Physico-chemical parameters: lipophilicity, partition coefficient, electronic ionization constants, steric, Shelton and surface activity parameters and redox potentials.</p>	P1,P2,P3, P5	PQ,P10
II	<p>Antineoplastic Agents: Introduction, classification-alkylating agents-mechanism and mode of action, nitrogen mustards-synthesis, properties, uses and dosage - Chlorambucil, cyclophosphamide and melphalan. Antimetabolites- synthesis, properties, uses and dosage-pyrimidine analogues-5-fluorouracil, purine analogues-6-mercaptopurine, folic acid analogues-Methotrexate. Antibiotics-structure, properties and dosage- Doxorubicin, Mitomycin</p>	P1,P2,P3, P5	PT, P10
III	<p>Cardiovascular Drugs: Introduction, cardiovascular diseases, drug inhibitors of peripheral sympathetic function, central intervention of cardiovascular output. Direct acting arteriolar dilators. Synthesis of amyl nitrate, sorbitrate, diltiazem, quinidine, verapamil, methyldopa, atenolol, oxyprenolol.</p>	P1,P2,P3, P5	PT, PQ

<p>IV</p>	<p>Oral Hypoglycemic Drugs: Introduction, Classification, Sulphonylureas- synthesis, mode of action, properties, uses and dosage- tolbutamide, glipizide. Biguanides- synthesis, mode of action, properties, uses and dosage-Metformin. α-glucosidase inhibitors- synthesis, mode of action, properties, uses and dosage- Miglitol. Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitors- synthesis, mode of action, properties, uses and dosage- saxagliptin and sitagliptin</p>	<p>P1,P2,P3, P5</p>	<p>PT, PQ</p>
<p>V</p>	<p>Local Antiinfective Drugs & Antiviral drugs:</p> <p>Local Antiinfective Drugs: Introduction and general mode of action. Synthesis of sulphonamides, ciprofloxacin, norfloxacin, dapsone, amino salicylic acid, isoniazid, fluconazole, econazole and chloroquin.</p> <p>Antiviral Drugs: Introduction, classification based on mechanism of action, Nucleoside or Nucleotide Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NRTIs)-Synthesis, metabolism, properties and uses and dosage- Acyclovir, Zidovudine (Anti-HIV agent). Non-Nucleoside or Nucleotide Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NNRTIs)-Synthesis, metabolism, properties and uses and dosage- Nevirapine, Efavirenz. Protease Inhibitors (PIs)- Synthesis, metabolism, properties and uses and dosage- Indinavir. CCR5-Inhibitors- Synthesis, metabolism, properties and uses and dosage-Maraviroc</p>	<p>P1,P2,P3, P5</p>	<p>PT, P10</p>